## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA AT BLUEFIELD

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v. CRIMINAL NO. 1:18-00243

KIMBERLY ANN ADDAIR

## MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

In Bluefield, on March 7, 2019, came the defendant,
Kimberly Ann Addair, in person and by counsel, Lorena Litten,
Assistant Federal Public Defender, and came the United States by
Timothy D. Boggess, Assistant United States Attorney, for the
purpose of considering the defendant's plea of guilty to Count
One of the Indictment charging her with making false or
fictitious statements in connection with the acquisition of
firearms, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections
922(a)(6) and 924(a)(2) and Count Two of the Indictment charging
her with disposition of firearms to a convicted felon, in
violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 922(d)(1)
and 924(a)(2). Teresa King, Senior U.S. Probation Officer,
appeared on behalf of the United States Probation Department.

The court inquired of the defendant, addressing her personally and by counsel, to determine the competency of the defendant to proceed. The court found the defendant competent.

The court informed the defendant of the maximum penalties to which she will be exposed by virtue of his plea of guilty and defendant acknowledged her understanding of the same.

The court next inquired as to the defendant's plea and the defendant responded that she intended to plead guilty. The court explained the range of penalties to which the defendant would be exposed by virtue of her guilty plea. The court also explained the statutes under which this action is prosecuted and the elements which the United States would have had to prove, beyond a reasonable doubt, had the matter been tried. The Assistant United States Attorney then stated the factual basis establishing that the defendant committed the offenses to which she was pleading guilty. The defendant admitted that the factual basis as stated was substantially true.

The court further informed the defendant, pursuant to the requirements of Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal

Procedure, of the constitutional and other rights she would waive by pleading guilty to the Indictment. The court then determined that the defendant understood those rights. The court advised

the defendant that she could not withdraw her plea if she was dissatisfied with the sentence rendered.

The court inquired of the defendant personally as to whether any threats or promises had been made to her to induce her to plead, whether any predictions were made regarding the sentence she might receive, and whether she had any second thoughts about entering a plea of guilty, to which questions the defendant responded in the negative.

Based upon the defendant's plea of guilty, as well as her factual admission of guilt, the court found that there existed a factual and legal basis for the defendant's plea of guilty.

Based upon the United States' proffer of evidence against the defendant, the court found that there also existed an independent factual basis for the defendant's plea of guilty. The court further found that the defendant tendered her plea of guilty voluntarily and with a full understanding and awareness of the constitutional and other rights which she gives up by pleading guilty, and with an awareness of what the United States would have to prove against her if the case went to trial. The court further found that the defendant had an appreciation of the consequences of her plea and accepted the defendant's plea of guilty.

Pursuant to Sentencing Guideline § 6B1.1(c), the court deferred an adjudication of guilt pending receipt of the presentence investigation report. Accordingly, the court adjudges and the defendant now stands provisionally guilty of Counts One and Two of the Indictment.

The court scheduled the disposition of this matter for July 2, 2019, at 11:00 a.m., in Bluefield. The Probation Department is directed to conduct a presentence investigation in this matter and to provide a report to this court. Unless otherwise directed by this court, the probation officer is not to disclose the officer's sentencing recommendation to anyone except the court.

The court found by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant was not a flight risk or a danger to the community and continued the defendant on a \$10,000 unsecured bond. Defendant's release on bond shall be subject to the same conditions imposed when bond was originally set.

The Clerk is directed to send a copy of this Memorandum

Opinion and Order to counsel of record, the United States Marshal

for the Southern District of West Virginia and the Probation

Office of this court.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 8th day of March, 2019.

ENTER:

David A. Faber

Senior United States District Judge